CLEVELAND THROWN OVER.

CHANGED AS A FRAUD BY HIS FORMER ALLIES IN ENGLAND.

THEY SAY HIS DEPEAT SERVES HIM RIGHT FOR MISTRABLE COURSE-THEY NOW THINK HIM LACKING IN COURTEST, TASTE AND COMMON HONESTY-LEARNING A FEW THINGS ABOUT HARRISON AND THE BEPUBLICAN PARTY-BERATING THEIR MISLEADING COR-

(BY CABLE TO THE TRIBUNE.) Copyright; 1888: By The New-York Tribune. London, Nov. 8.—Scant, indeed, is the coremony with which Mr. Cleveland's British friends throw him over after his defeat. They are not content to drop him as an ally who has served his turn; they turn upon him and rend him. The very journals which did their best to excuse him nissing Lord Sackville, holding Mr. Bayard, or the Irish, or the party managers, or anybody else responsible, now let loose their wrath on Mr. Cleveland himself as the real author of what they think an affront to England. "We cannot," says "The Times," " profess particularly to regret an event which may be regarded as the appropriate penalty for discreditable subservience to the meanest influences in American polities and culpable neglect of the decencies of international inter-

There is no worse form of political cor-

ruption than the attempt to traffic in popular

gnorance, prejudice and passion by the sacrifice principle, consistency and good manners." The Standard" is not less severe, saying: " Of all the people in the world we have the least reason to be grateful to Mr. Cleveland, who has twice in the course of a twelvementh acted toward us with a conspicuous want of courtesy, good taste, and, we must add, common honesty. Cleveland is of those who would play false and yet would rightly win." "The Daily Telegraph." verbose as usual, remarks that Mr. Cleveland has shown us within the last few days that rather than run an infinitesimal risk of compromising his chances of election, he was prepared not only to visit what was at worst a mere official indiscretion with punishment almost brutally in excess of the offence, but also, and at the same time, to administer a diplomatic buffet, so to speak, to a friendly and kindred Nation, which, of itself or by its Government, bad certainly done nothing to merit the affront." "It may be said," declares "The Morning Post," " that Mr. Cleveland deliberately endeavored to outbid the opposite party in a show of hostility to England for electioneering purposes.

opponents to flout England." Most of the leading Provincial papers I have seen turn the same somersault. Their censure upon Mr. Cleveland is as sharp as their eulogies for months past have been lavish. I need not quote them; but I will quote "The Manchester Guardian" as an honorable exception to the rest. That powerful journal had been misled, as all English journals had been misled, by the continual confident predictions of Cleveland correspondents In America: but it does not avenge itself or its disappointment on the President nor make haste to burn the idol it has adored. It still believes that " his excellent record. his honesty, his reputation for doing the right thing at the right time entitled him to the steadily growing good will and even admiration of the best minds in America."

He proved himself just as ready as his most violent

The Daily News," too, deserves credit for at least a negative attitude to Mr. Cleveland. It that it has been deceived, and administers a decorous but public rebuke to its New-York cor-respondent. "We have been confidently assured," says this unlucky journal, "that the Republican party was forever broken up and scattered. The nomination of General Harrison was spoken of as in itself almost a recognition of probable defeat, and all the political forecasts which have been sent across the Atlantic until very lately have treated Mr. Cleveland's election for a second term as a foregone conclusion." In the bitterness of its just resentment toward the author of illusions now dispelled, "The Daily News" will not even accept his explanations of unexpected defeat, but comments thus: "Our New-York correspondent says that New-York Democrats sacrificed Mr. Cleveland in order to save the city and State candidates. This is, of course, a New-York view of the Democratic catastrophe. But those who look on from distance may take a wider survey of the field of conflict and not improbably come to a more just conclusion."

This is a country in which nothing succeeds like success, and General Harrison as a successful candidate receives very different treatment from General Harrison as a candidate whose defeat was expected, hoped and prayed for. "The Times" has discovered that he is not of obscure origin, had no share in the scandals and intrigues of former Administrations, showed some military sbility, had an important influence in his own State, and may, if he can keep clear of the bosses, aid in restoring the reputation of his party. It does not seem to occur to this sapient sheet that the party which has just proved itself a majority of the American people is in no particular need of having Its reputation restored; no, nor of being patronfized by "The Times" or its colleagues.

Neither the leading nor the following journals of Great Britain have any adequate notion of the real magnitude of the victory won on Tuesday. Few of them are willing to admit to themselves or to their reiders that once more in the history of the civilized world British Free Trade has been rejected by a Nation which prefers the American Idea for America. "The issue was deliberately obscured," eries the great Free Trade organ, "by the exigence of political wire-pullers." English do not perceive that wire-pullers in the English interest tried to obscure it and failed. They are too wedded to their Free Trade fetish to doubt that sooner or later we shall say " Mumbo"

"The Daily News." in search of plausible excuse for defeat, even brings out the Bloody Shirt once more and waves it languidly about. It sees a Solid North and Solid South facing each other. It grows pathetic over the Mugwumps. "They have never come to much," cries this writer, with sudden gleam of sense. Then he adds, sadly, reluctantly, truthfully: "The Tribune speaks of the election as a great Protectionist victory, and probably it has this meaning in New-York itself. Our correspondent says"-this is one more buffet for him-" that the question of tariff reform had little to do with the result, but in the rest of the country it was at least one of the points on which the voting turned. Mr. Cleveland's defeat is a sore disappointment to tariff reformers."

Yes, my dejected friend, it is; and to none more than to the English, who fancied it their business to reform the American tariff and elect an American President.

ITALIAN EMIGRATION TO AMERICA. Rome, Nov. 8.—In the Chamber of Deputies to-day, Signor Unijaro questioned the Government regarding the conditions under which emigration to America was effected. He withdrew the question on Premier Crispi's making an explanation, but he intends to speak on the tame subject in the debate on the Emigration bill.

MORIARTY FINED TWENTY DOLLARS. Queenstown, Nov. 8.—Moriarty, who was arrested on the arrival of the Catalonia yesterday from Boston. for having in his possession a revolver and some ammunition, was to-day sentenced to pay a fine of 120, or to be imprisoned one month.

three-year-old brown colt Bismarck was second, and R. Howett's three-year-old chestnut filly Auroo'ine third. There were twelve starters. The last betting was 12 to 1 against Lady Roseberg, 3 to 1 against Bismarck, and 14 to 1 against Aureoline.

AN IRISH AND AN ENGLISH VIEW. THE VALUE TO ENGLAND OF A SETTLEMENT

OF THE HOME RULE QUESTION. Dublin, Nov. 8 .- The "United Ireland" expresse indifference at the result of the Presidential election in the United States, as, it says, it has friends in both camps." Harrison, the paper thinks, owes his election to the Sackville affair, as the Irish voters suspected President Cleveland of being friendly with Lord Salisbury. While it is flattering to the Irish to be able to turn the scale in such a contest, the fact is regretable, as it is also humiliating to America. The Irish vote exists as a separate and menacing factor in American polities, because the fact that Ireland is without Home Rule rankles as a spearhead in the relations between the English-speaking race. It would be cheap for America to establish Home Rule in Ireland," says this newspaper, "even at the cost of a war with Great Britain. ment upon the value to England of a settlement of the Irish question."

London, Nov. 8 .- "The Globe" says: "President Cleveland has not gained anything by fussing with the fisheries question, or by his brusque, rude treatment of Lord Sackville. It is satisfactory to find that even in America a weathercock policy is not always crats. It may help to compensate Mr. Blaine for his previous failure, as he will probably become Secretary remarkable foreign policy which helped to create distrust and promote his defeat, but his alliance or understanding with the Irish element may not tend to soften his conduct in international affairs."

ondon, Nov. 8.-The Parnell Commission spent the whole day hearing witnesses of outrages. Harrington objected to the interpreter prompting Irish witnesses, and Justice Hannen cautioned the interpreter. Police testified that a large force was occupied in protecting boycotted and threatened tenants.

MR. GLADSTONE LEAVES BIRMINGHAM. Birmingham, Nov. S .- Mr. Gladstone was not afected by his long speech last evening and was in good condition this morning. He received an address from the Birmingham Nationalists, in his reply to which he said that the Irish cause was no longer dependent upon one life. The Liberal party, he de clared, had taken up Home Rule, and they never yet had espoused a great cause without achieving a suc-

Mr. Gladstone started for West Bromwich this morn ing. He was heartily cheered by large crowds which had gathered along the route.

BARON VON ROGGENBACH'S HIDDEN LETTERS. Berlin, Nov. 8 .- In addition to the unhidden letters from the late Emperor Frederick found in Baron vo Roggenbach's house, the police discovered in a secret drawer in a writing-desk two bundles of telegrams and letters from Frederick (written when he was Crown Prince), his wife, Queen Victoria, the Prince of Wales, Prince Alexander of Battenberg, Dr. Macken-zie, the Duke of Cumberland, Count von Seckendorff, Dr. Windthorst and others.

SAULT STE. MARIE CANAL WILL NOW BE BUILT. Ottawa, Nov. 8 .- It is expected that the contract for the Sault Ste. Marie Canal will be awarded next Several contractors here say they have information that the Government had proposed to cancel the tenders if President Cleveland had won the election.

MR. SCHURZ COMING BACK TO AMERICA. Hamburg, Nov. 8 .- Carl Schurt will leave here on the steamer Hammonia, which sails hence for New-York on November 11.

RAILWAY INTERESTS.

PENNSYLVANIA MAKING TROUBLE IN RATES. Philadelphia, Nov. 8 (Special).—At the Pennsylvania Railroad main office this afternoon it was stated that the trunk-line troubles are again coming to the surface, and the condition of affairs in the association is not at all reassuring. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company, however, has taken a decided stand, and the other members of the trunk-line pool, particularly the Vanderbilt interests, are greatly annoyed at the opposition. The east-bound freight rates are the chance of restoring them. President Roberts, of the Pennsylvania, is opposed to making a higher rate than 20 cents on grain, and the other members of the trunkline pool say that this prevents the railroads from carry this class of freight from Chicago to the seaboard. The difficulties have led to some misunder-standings, and a number of lines are already fighting for business. In Third-st, this afternoon railroad men stated that the Vanderbilts are opposed to Mr. Roberts's policy, and will probably bring some pressure to bear upon him in the hope that he may be induced to change his mind. If Mr. Gould succeeds in restoring rates in the Southwest, an attempt will be made to bring the Pennsylvania to terms, and it was said by friends of the Pennsylvania that Mr. Gould's influence will enable the trunk-line people to accomplish their purpose. J. Pierpont Morgan, who is reported to have held several conferences with Mr. Gould relative to the trouble among the Southwestern roads, is to be called in as mediator. Mr. Morgan, it is reported, has negotiations looking to a peaceful settlement of the difficulty now under way. Kaliroad men are somewhat disturbed over the fight, and are

men are somewhat disturbed over the fight, and are anxiously awaiting the outcome.

Cleveland, Nov. 8 (Special).—All the roads out of Chicago have met the cut initiated by the Pennsylvania in provision rates. In accordance with the policy of most lines that live freight must be on a basis with dead freight, the rate on live hogs in car-load lots was reduced to-day to 25 cents, Chicago to New-York. The Chicago and Atlantic, and Eric alone dissent from this and will maintain the present rate on this class. This action of the roads is rather unexpected.

DR. HOSTETTER'S HEIRS AND THE SOUTH PENN. Pittsburg, Nov. 8 (Special).—"What effect will the death of Dr. David Hostetter have of the affairs of the South Pennsylvania Railroad?" asked a reporter

I think his ideas will be pushed with even more vigor and enthusiasm by his heirs than even the doctor himself displayed or late, and that is a significant assertion when you remember that the old gentleman's pet financial scheme was a South Pennsylvania Railroad." Dr. Hostetter held stock worth \$2,000,000 in the road.

WHAT IS AUSTIN CORBIN WORKING AT? President Austin Corbin, of the Philadelphia and Reading Railway Company, had not returned from Philadelphia, his official home, yesterday, and his friends could not confirm the published dispatch that he was organizing a railroad "trust" that would include the New-York Central, Baltimore and Ohio, Reading, and Ohio, Indiana and Western railroads. The purchase of the Garrett interest in the Baltimore and Ohio was said to be the first step in the negotiations, but some doubt about the price at which the stock could be obtained was expressed even in the dispatch. Friends of the Richmond and West Point Terminal Company, with which the consolidated companies were expected to have friendly relations, declared that they had not heard of the scheme, although they hoped it would be carried out if it would increase the traffic and earnings of the Ferminal Company.

D. C. Walsh, formerly in the office of the general pas-senger agent at Philadelphio, has been appointed division ticket agent of the Philadelphila, Wilmington and Balti-more Railroad, in the place of G. A. Dadman, who recently

E. V. Skinner, general Eastern agent of the Canadian Pacific Railroad, sails to-morrow for Europe, with his family, to be gone several months. Mr. Skinner's primary object is to secure recreation, but he will make a thorough

inspection of the foreign agencies of his company, which will probably result in increased efficiency.

Chicago, Nov. 7.—At a meeting lo-day of representative lines of the Northwestern Passenger Association, a notice was read from the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul was read from the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Company, stating that it regarded the association as no longer in existence, and that there had also been a dissolution of the Western States Passenger Association.

Boston, Nov. S.—The annual meeting of the West End Street Hailway Company was held to-day. The report of the directors and treasurer for the last ten and à half months was read. The directors' report presented the following statistics: Gross earnings, \$4,276.331; net carnings, \$628.275. After deducting interest, rentals, taxes, etc., the surplus is \$117,190. A motion was adouted that the directors be authorized to petition the

Early and fine of pay a fine o

D. F. Longstreet, E. D. Jordan, A. F. Petter, Dexter N. Richards, G. T. W. Braman, Nathaniel J. Bradiee, Charles O. Foster, Samuel Little, Henry D. Hyde, Jo-seph S. Fay, jr., Edmund Reardon, Nelson Bartlett and Jonas H. French. Messrs, Foster and Bradiee succeed

Jarvis D. Braman and Director Bacon.
St. John, N. B., Nov. 8.—It is understood that a part of C. W. Weldon's business to New-York was to complete final arrangements with Russell Sage respecting the pur-chase of the Grand Southern Railway.

A DISASTER NARROWLY AVERTED.

ONE WOMAN KILLED AND HUNDREDS OF PASSEN GERS SCARED ON A HUDSON RIVER TRAIN.

Newburg, Nov. 3 .- What might have been another disastrous railroad collision, but which, through the presence of mind of the engineer of the passenger train, proved but a shakeup to several hundred travellers, occurred yesterday morning on the New-York Central and Hudson River Railroad, at Fishkill station near here. The custom on the Hudson River Railroad is to run freight trains at any and all times when necessary, there being no time schedule, the instructions to the engineers and conductors being to keep out of the way of through trains. Yesterday while the 9:50 train from New-York was standing at Fishkill a "wildcat" freight ran into the rear car, smashing the rear platform and shaking up those on board. The engineer of the passenger train started it when he saw the freight coming, and thereby averted disaster.

Several passengers, however, jumped when they saw the freight train coming. Mrs. Edward Schivell jumped and fell, striking her head and dying a few minutes later from a fracture of the skull. Mrs. Shivell, who was twenty-twe years old, had been living for a short time with her husband at No. 235 West Twenty-second-st. Her husband, Edward Schivell, is a travelling salesman for the firm of Chap pell, Chase & Maxwell, of No. 27 Great Jones-st. manufacturers of undertakers' goods. He started yesterday morning for the company's factory at Onelda, N. Y. His wife accompanied him as far as the Grand Central Depot and there took the train for her home in Montreal, where her baby was waiting for her. Her husband, after parting, remained for a later train. The couple had no intimate friends or relatives in this city. They lived quietly together and spoke nothing but French. The body was taken charge of by the firm for which Mr. Schivell worked.

The officials at the general offices of the road yesterday stated that the fault lay with the engineer of the freight train.

THE SPEAKERSHIP OF THE ASSEMBLY.

CANDIDATES NAMED FOR THE POSITION SPEAKER COLE AND GENERAL HUSTED.

Albany, Nov. 8.-A month ago an amiable contest for the Speakership of the Assembly sprang between the present Speaker, Fremont Cole, of Schuyler County, and three other Assemblymen, ex-Speaker James W. Husted, of Peekskill; Charles T. Saxton, of Lyons, Wayne County, and D. W. Ainsworth, of Sandy Creek, Oswego County. The fact, however, that the Assembly of 1889 was not yet kept the contest from becoming an animated Measures were taken by all of the candidates to strengthen their positions. Now that the election shows that there is a large Republican majority in the Assembly, and plenty of room among nearly eighty Republican Assemblymen for a lively tussle for votes for the Speakership, the wrestle over the office has suddenly become of interest. All of the candidates have gone "into training," and General Husted and Speaker Cole, it is reported, intend the coming week to make a tour of the State, seeking supporters.

New-Haven, Conn., Nov. 8.-W. H. Barnum, of the Democratic National Committee, is seriously ill at his home at Lime Rock. It is learned that he was taken sick a week ago, while in New-York. He returned to his home on Monday, and his illness assumed a dangerous character. To night, however, his condition is slightly improved. The trouble was caused by overwork, resulting in nervous prostration.

THE DAWSON DIVORCE CASE SETTLED. on called up the application of Mrs. Meckle L. Rawson for a decree of divorce from her husband the banker, Stephen Rawson, it was found that the case was to go by default, the defendant failing to appear. This seems to be the result of an agree between the litigants, by which it is said that Mrs was not to defend an action for divorce on the ground of desertion. The case has attracted much attention, owing to the prominence of the persons interested, and because Mrs. Rawson tried to shoot her husband's attorney.

NO ANARCHIST PARADE IN CHICAGO. Chicago, Nov. 8 .- L. S. Oliver and R. E. Shannon, as s one of the executed Anarchists, belonged, called on Chief of Police Hubbard this morning, and asked permission for the assembly to parade on November 11, the anniversary of Parsons's hanging. The request humor. Chief Hubbard said: "We talked the mat-ter over fully, and will allow no parade on November 11 in honor of any of the dead Anarchists. It would be against good public policy."

FREDERICK W. FOOTE'S INJURIES. Fredreick W. Foote, banker at No. 50 Wall-st, was resting much easier at his home, No. 40 Fift h ave., last night, after his accident on Wednesday evening. When he left his office on Wedne-day he went to the Manhattan Club, of which he is a member, where he generally spends his spare time, and had dinner. When leaving the club for home, he was enddenly taken with a fit of vertigo, and fell down the last two steps to the pavement, seriously hurting his head, and bruising his arm, and also sustaining injuries to his side. He was taken to the New-York Hospital, but left there soon after for his home, where he is attended by Dr. Satterlee, of No. 21 West Nine teenth-st. Mr. Foote has suffered much pain in his side, and the doctor refuses to say as to whether a rib is fractured or not.

A NEW TREASURER OF YALE COLLEGE, New-Haven, Conn., Nov. 8 (Special).-W. W. Far-nam, class of '74, was to-day elected treasurer of Yale College, to succeed the late H. H. Kingsley. Thomas D. Goodell, '77, for eleven years teacher of classics in the Hartford Grammar School, was elected assistant professor of Greek in the college for five

EASIER ON THE CHINESE NOW. Washington, Nov. 8.—At the instance of T. D. Riordan, attorney for the Chinese Merchants' Association, the Secretary of the Treasury has instructed the Collector at San Francisco that Chinese merchants are not affected by the Exclusion Act, and that those now resident in the United States who visit foreign countries may be admitted on their return upon any evidence of identity satisfactory to the Collector.

A HOME MARKET JUBILEE. Boston, Nov. 8.-A jubilee meeting under the auspices of the Home Market Club will be held at the Hotel Vendome, in this city, on Thursday evening. Invitations to be present were sent to-day to Levi P. Vice-President-elect; General Russell A. Alger, of Michigan; James G. Blaine, M. S. Quay, Chauncey M. Depew, Thomas B. Reed and other prominent Republicans. General Alger has already accepted the invitation.

GIVEN ANOTHER CHANCE FOR HIS LIFE.

Trenton, N.J., Nov. 8 (Special) .- Joseph Schlemmer, a chance for his life by the Supreme Court to-day. The judgment of the Hudson County Court of Oyer and Terminer in refusing to admit certain evidence was reversed and another trial granted.

THE YELLOW FEVER IN JACKSONVILE. Jacksonville, Fla., Nov. 8.-Dr. Neal Mitchell, president of the Board of Health, reports twenty-five new cases of yellow fever to-day for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 p. m. There were three deaths.

HARRY MINER'S NURSES DESTITUTE. Jacksonville, Fla., Nov. 8.—Harry Miner's nurses are destitute. He refuses to help them. Will you make an appeal for their aid to the American citizen?
F. S. JEKOME,
President Yellow Cross Volunteer Association.

TO PRISON FOR PUTTING POISON IN THE SOUP. Mary Seinsker, a domestic servant, who was formerly employed by David Ginsberg, of No. 170 Ludlow-st.,



Oh say can you see by the dawn's early light
What so proudly we halled at the twilight's ias
gleaming !

Gave proof through the night that our flag was still

Oh, say, does that Star-Spangled Banner yet wave O'er the land of the free and the home of the b

As it fitfully blows, now conceals, now discloses?

Now it catches the gleam of the morning's first beam,
In full glory reflected, now shines in the stream.

"Tis the Star-Spangled Banner; oh, bong may it wave
O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave!

THE SOLID SOUTH BROKEN

WEST VIRGINIA REPUBLICAN. DEMOCRATS CONCEDE THE STATE TO HAR-

RISON. A UNITED STATES SENATOR GAINED IN DELA-WARE.

CALIFORNIA SAFELY REPUBLICAN-HARRISON'S PLURALITY IN NEW-YORK ABOUT 12,000-GOVERNOR HILL ABOUT 18,000 OVER MILLER-NEVADA FOR HARRISON-GENERAL FIFER ELECTED GOVERNOR IN ILLINOIS.

The returns on Wednesday brought a surprise in the shape of a Republican majority in the Delaware Legislature, thus assuring the election of a United States Senator to succeed Mr. Saulsbury (Dem.) next March. Last night there was another surprise when West Virginia was reported to have gone Republican. The Republicans claim a small plurality for Harrison, all of the four Congressmen and a majority in the Legislature. The Democratic State Treasurer concedes the State to the Republicans. With West Virginia in the Republican column, General Harrison has 239 electoral votes, against 162 for Cleveland.

Congress remains as previously reported-Republican by from 25 to 30 majority.

In New-York State Harrisen's plurality now appears to be a trifle over 12,000, and Hill's over 18,000. St. Lawrence still remains " the banner county," having given General Harrison the biggest plurality ever accorded by her to any candidate-8,161.

California, according to the present advices, will give Harrison about 9,000 plurality. Five Congressional districts are Republican and one is

Oregon gives Harrison about 8,000 plurality on a vote about 10 per cent larger than that cast

Nevada gives Harrison about 1,200 plurality, nd elected Bartine (Rep.) as Congressman. Unofficial returns from all the counties of Illinois show a plurality of 21,000 for Harrison and 13,000 for Fifer (Rep.) for Governor. General Palmer, the Democratic candidate for Governor, concedes, Fifer's election. Cook County complete, including the city of Chicago, gives Harrison 83,790, and Cleveland 84,354; Cleveland's plurality 564. Fifer (Rep.) has 82,440 for Governor, and Palmer (Dem.) 86,956; Palmer's plurality 4,514. Excepting members of the Legislature, the Democrats did not elect a man in the

Harrison's plurality in Wisconsin is reported to be at least 18,000, and probably 21,000. Chairman Ellis Usher, of the Democratic State Committee, concedes the State to the Republicans by over 14,000. The Legislature is Republican by over 50 majority. Seven Republicans and two Democrats have been elected to Congress.

Complete returns f om 80 ou of the 114 counties the remainder show that Cleveland's plurality will be about 25,000, and that Francis (Dem.) for Governor has about 9,000. St. Louis complete gives Cleveland 25,641; Harrison, 31,618; Franis, 23,567; Kimball, 33,636; Harrison's plurality, 6,277. Francis (Dem.), for Governor, has about 8,000 plurality.

STATES FOR HARRISON. \_\_\_\_1884.-

	Official I	Electoral	Estimated	
	Plurality.	Vote.	Plurality.	
California	13,128 R	8 R	9,000	8
Colorado	8,567 R	3 R	13,000	3
Illinois	25.119 R	22 R	21,000	22
Indiana	6.527 D	15 D	5,000	15
Iowa	19,773 R	13 R	30,009	13
Kansas	64,274 R	9 R	70,000	9
Maine	20,069 R	6 R	23,000	6
Massachusetts	24,243 R	14 R	22,000	14
Michigan	42,834 R	13 R	22,000	13
Minnesota	41,779 R	7 R	20.000	7
Nebraska	22,521 R	5 R	25,000	5
Nevada	1,615 R	3 R	1,200	3
New-Hampshire,.	4,066 R	4 R	2,500	4
New-York	1,047 D	36 D	13,000	36
Ohio	31,802 R	23 R	23,000	23
Oregon	2,256 R	3 R	8,000	3
Pennsylvania	81,019 R	30 R	72,000	30
Rhode Island	6,639 R	4 R	4,427	4
Vermont	22,183 R	4 R	20,000	4
West Virginia	4,221 D	6 D		6
Wisconsin	14,698 R	11 R	15,000	11
		_	-	_
Total				.239

STATES FOR CLEVELAND.

	1884		1888	
	- Committee	Electoral		
	Plurality.	Vote.	Plurality.	
Alabama		10 D	34,000	
Arkansas	22,032 D	7 D	20,000	7
Connecticut	1,276 D	6 D	400	
Delaware	4,013 D	3 D		
Florida	3,735 D	4 D	2,500	4
Georgia	46,064 D	12 D	25,000	12
Kentucky	34,839 D	13 D	40,000	13
Louisiana	16,193 D	8 D		
Maryland	11,233 D	8 D	6,000	
Mississippt,	33,001 D	9 D	50,000	
Missouri	33,059 D	16 D	25,000	10
New-Jersey	4,358 D	9 D	5,000	9
North Carolina.	17,884 D	11 D	17,000	11
South Carolina.	48,157 D	9 D	15,000	
Tennessee	9,180 D	12 D		12
Texas	132,168 D	13 D	,	12
Virginia	6,141 D	12 D	·	19
Total				169
Harrison's n	antority			
HIGH LINOR B				
Necessary to	a choice			201
14	-			

CALIFORNIA SAFELY REPUBLICAN. HARRISON'S PLURALITY 9.000-FIVE CONGRES-SIGNAL DISTRICTS REPUBLICAN AND ONE CLOSE.

San Francisco, Nov. 8 (Special).-The latest returns from this State have made singular changes in the result California will give Harrison at least 9,000 and persaps 10,000 plurality. Instead of losing Congressmen, the Republicans gain one and perhaps tvo. From figures which represent about five-sixths

Dehaven in the 1st, McKenna in the HIId, Morrow the IVth, Phelps in the Vth and Vandevere in the VIth. Briggs (Dem.) is about 700 ahead of Eagan. (Rep.) in the Hd District, but his majority is rapidly disappearing, and the Republicans are beginning to hope they may have the complete delegation.

Alameda County gave 3,400 Republican majority, and Los Angeles, which had only been counted on and Los Angeles, which had only been counted on to give 1,700 Republican majority, actually gave 4,000 San Diego gave 1,400.

This city went for Cleveland largely because of his signing the exclusion bill, but some offices have been secured by the Republicans. There are only 1,000 more votes to count, and they will not alter the result. The Republicans have elected the Sheriff, Tax Collector and County Clerk. Laumeister, the Sheriff (lect, is a German and a member of the Produce Exchange. He owes his election to the large vote cast by the business men, irrespective of politics, who were tired of "Boss" Buckley's control of this important office. This defeat is the worst blow Buckley has over received, and it will probably cripple his power.

DELAWARE AND WEST VIRGINIA, TOO.



WEST VIRGINIA CONCEDED.

THE GREAT GAINS INDICATE THAT THE STATE WILL BE REPUBLICAN.

A PLURALITY FOR HARRISON OF A FEW HUN-DRED PROBABLE-ALL FOUR CONGRESS-MEN REPUBLICAN.

Wheeling W. Va., Nov. 8 .- Dispatches just received to-night from Charleston, the capital of the State, announce that the Democratic State Treasurer, Thompson, concedes West Virginia to the Re- train was in motion, and that he would forfeit his publicans by from 400 to 700 majority. This is simply confirmation of the steady Republican gains that have been coming in to-day. The Republican State Committee here claim the State by a much larger majority. They claim to have at least three, and probably a solid delegation of four, Congressmen. They claim majorities for the Electoral ticket and a majority in the Legislature. The scene of Republican enthusiasm in this city tonight is unprecedented. Thousands of people have crowded the streets in front of "The Intelligencer" building to read the bulletins, and on every side is heard the cry that the "Solid South" is broken at last by the vote of this State. The latest returns show increasing Republican

gains, and it looks as if the Republicans had carried the State. They claim the election of all of the four Republican Congressmen, viz., Atkinson, in this, the Ist District, Flick in the Hd, McGinnis in the HIId and Smith in the IVth, and a majority on joint ballot in Legislature

The Democrats do not admit the loss of the State, but are feeling very anxious over the news. A dispatch just received announces the election of McGinnis (Rep.) in the IIId Congressional District. The Republicans now claim all four districts and the Legislature.

A dispatch was received by Chairman Quay from West Virginia last night that gave a new impetus to Republican joy. It was from N. B. Scott, member of the National Committee from that State. This was the message he sent:

Over half the State heard from. At the of gains we have West Virginia by 2,500. At the same ratio Agreeable news also came from North Carolina where it appears the Democratic majority is melting away rapidly as the later returns come in. "If we had a fair count there," said Mr. Quay, "the State would have been ours by from 10,000

to 12,000 majority." DELAWARE EMANCIPATED.

BAYARD'S POCKET BOROUGH GONE.

STATES SENATOR.

THE REPUBLICANS SECURE THE LEGI AND WILL CHOOSE A UNITED

Wilmington, Del., Nov. 8 .- There is no doubt whatever that the Republicans have a majority ballot in the Delaware Legislature by the election of the Legislative tickets in Kent and Sussex counties. We have fourteen votes in the lower in Missouri and partial returns and advices from | House and two in the State Senate, or sixteen votes in both Houses out of a total of thirty, the Delaware Legislature being composed of twenty-one Representatives and nine Senators. This insures the election of a Republican United States Senator to succeed Eli Saulsbury, Democrat.

WATSON R. SPERRY, Editor "Morning News."

AN UNPRECEDENTED VICTORY FOR THE REPUBLICANS.

BAYARD BEATEN OUT OF SIGHT IN HIS OWN STATE-SENATOR SAULSBURY TOO WILL

HAVE TO TAKE A BACK SEAT.

Wilmington, Del., Nov. 8.-The Democratic electoral ticket of Delaware has a majority of 3,473, but on joint ballot the Republicans have a majority of two in the General Assembly. This body is composed of thirty members, nin Senators and twenty-one Representatives. Of the Senators six are holding over from 1886 and are Democratic. There were elected on Tuesday a Democrat from this county, Newcastle, and a Republican from each of the other two countics, Sussex and Kent. Hence the Senate stands seven Democrats to two Republicans. The House, which is composed of seven members from each county is elected biennially. Newcastle elected seven Democrats; Kent and Sussex, seven Republicans each. The House, therefore, stands fourteen Republicans to seven Democrats. A Republican United States Senator will be chosen to succeed Eli Saulsbury, and a State Treasurer and State Auditor will be chosen in the same way. In 1886, when the last Legislature was chosen, the Republicans failed to elect a single member to either branch of the General Assembly. The significance of the Republican victory in the Legislative branch of the State Government is therefore apparent.

The Republicans have carried Sussex County out and out by majorities ranging from 32 to 469. This result is largely due to Charles H. Treat, of that county, the Republican candidate for Congress, who is now conspicuously named for the United States Senate. In Kent the Republicans only elected the Legislative ticket and two out of the nine members of the Levy Court. Their average majority is 180. This was due entirely to Senator Saulsbury's determination not to allow any other Democrat to succeed himself. The Saulsburys had been defeated at their party's pr maries.

The vote for President by counties is as follows: Kent (official)-Cleveland, 3,949; Harrison, 2,797; Fisk, 92. In 1884 the vote was: Cleveland, 3,966; Blaine, 2,126.

Newcastle (official)-Cleveland, 8,462; Harrison, 6.130: Fisk, 197. In 1884 the the vote was: Cleveland, 8,554; Blaine, 7,809.

Sussex (official) elects the entire Republican ticket by pluralities ranging from 40 to 426. Cleveland's majority over Blaine in 1884 was 1,428,-an astonishing Republican gain this year. Pennington (Dem.) is re-elected to Congress by over 3,400 plurality. His majority in 1886 over

his opponent was 5,451. The Republicans of this county would like to have Anthony Higgins, of this city, succeed Eli Saulsbury in Washington, but the naming of the

of the State count, the Republicans have elected IS THIS GUARD A MURDERER!

A FATAL FALL FROM AN ELEVATED BOAD. DEATH TO THE PASSENGER RATHER THAN &

BREACH OF THE COMPANY'S RULES. Philip Baer, a salesman for Rosendorf & Co., furnishing goods, No. 47 Walker-st., who lives at No. 313 East One-hundred-and-twenty-first-st., last night fell from an elevated the Second-ave line near the and Allen sts. station, and was instantly killed. Mr. Baer left his place of business a few minutes before 6 o'clock and got to the Canal and Allen sts. station about eighteen minutes after 6 o'clock. He was in a hurry to get home, as his wife and family were waiting to be taken to the Lexington Avenue Opera House, where the Raymond Literary and Social Society were to have an entertainment

As he reached the stairs a train pulled up as the station. It had just been run on the uptrack from the side-track and was nearly empty. Mr. Baer rushed at full speed up the stairs. At the ticket-seller's window he was delayed for a moment while he got change for a \$2 bill. Just as he started for the cars the condupulled the engine bell to go ahead, and Mr. Baer ran toward the rear end of the train. All the gates had been closed and the train was in motion. He caught hold of the guardrait on the front of the rear car and swung himself on the platform outside of the gate which was tightly closed.

THE BRAKEMAN INTERFERED.

A brakeman stood on the platform, and as Ma. Baer tried to open the gate the brakeman ordered him to get off, and stepped close to the gate so that it could not be opened. Mr. Baer was persistent and clung to the guardrail. He told the brakeman that he was in a great hurry and that it would be a great accommodation if he would let him on the train. The brakeman replied that it was against the rules of the company to open the gates after the position if detected. Mr. Baer told him that he had seen numbers of people get on the cars at this station after the train had started during the busy hours, but the gateman was proof against

all arguments and ordered Mr. Baer to get off. The train had increased in speed while the men had been talking, and probably before Mr. Baer was aware of the distance it had travelled during his excitement the car reached the end of the platform, where there is a safety-rail, which extends to within a few inches of the front side of the platform and leaves only a narrow space between it and a passing train. Mr. Baer struck this rail but was knocked against the gate instead of off the car and was in this way carried past the obstruction. He was certainly injured by the blow, though to what extent is not known, and

obstruction. He was certainly injured by the blow, though to what extent is not known, and clung desperately to the gate.

Under these circumstances it seems as it the brakeman should have relaxed a little in his devotion to the rules and have saved Mr. Baer's life, but he obstinately refused to open the gate, and after going about fifty feet beyond the station Mr. Baer became faint and swayed to and fro with weakness for a second, and with a cry of horror his fingers slipped from the gate and he fell headlong into the street. The train went on uptown, and when it reached the station where Mr. Baer usually got off it passed by Mr. Baer's son, who was waiting for him there.

Several people saw Mr. Baer fall and ran to his assistance. His face was covered with blood and he breathed with great effort. An ambulance was quickly called from Gouverneur Hospital, but before it arrived Mr. Baer died, and his body was carried by two policemen to the Eldridge Street Police Station.

The money that he had in his hand was found scattered near the place where he struck when he fell. In his pockets were \$75 and a memorandum of an election bet of a hat with Solomon Leon, of No. 225 East One-hundred-and-twenty-eighthst. Mr. Leon was found at his home by a policeman, and i-lentified the dead man as Mr. Baer. Word was sent to the dead man's family, and his father and uncle, who are in business in Harlem, and leaves a wife and three children. At the elevated railroad station nothing was known about the accident, so the officials said, and the name of the brakeman could not be learned.

HARLEM REPUBLICANS REJOICE.

HARLEM REPUBLICANS REJOICE.

A BIG PARADE YESTERDAY AND ANOTHER PLANNED FOR TO-NIGHT.

Harlem Republicans have been engaged in jollificaion pretty much ever since 8 o'clock Toesday evening, and last night half a dozen clubs paraded through the XXIIId Assembly District. The parade was h under the auspices of the Enrolled Republicans of the district, and was designed in part as a compliment to Frank Raymond, the district leader. Mr. Raymond was serenaded at his home in East One-hundred-andtwentieth-st., which was handsomely illuminated. Similar compliments were paid to various other lead-ing Republicans of the district, among th n Morris

Among the various organizations represented in the parade were the Enrolled Republicans, the Republican Campaign Club, the Republican Guard, the William Wesley Jones Colored Harrison and Morten Club, the Unconditional Republican Club, and the Manhattan Elevated Railroad Club. The parade was under the command of Charles H. Ludwig, with Charles H. B. Wheelock, Henry W. Grasse, William Mellan, John G. Huhn, William T. Ashman and W. H. Merritt as

the great victory that has been achieved. The chief feature of the celebration will be a parade, in which many other Republican clubs will take part, and afterward there will be a love-feast at the club No. 24 East One-hundred-and-twenty-fifth-st. Major Charles Appleby will be the grand marshal, and he issued orders for the parade last night. The line will be formed in front of the club house, and the route will be to Fifth-ave., to One-hundred-and-thirtieth-st., to Madison ave., to One-hundred-and-twentieth-st., to Lenox-ave., to One-hundred-and-twenty-first st., to Seventh-ave., to One-hundred-and-twenty-second-st., to Lenox-ave., to One-hundred-and-twenty-fifth-st., to Eighth-ave., to One-hundred-and-twenty-seventh-st., to Seventh-ave., to One-hundred-and-twenty-seventh-st., to Lenox-ave., and disband. Republicans along the line of march are requested to illuminate their houses.

A BELATED CAMPAIGN LIE NAILED. "The World" and "The Times" yesterday published "story of a big campaign check," in effect that a check for \$300,000 had been sont to the National Park Bank in this city and deposited to the credit of the Republican State Committee of Indiana and that the amount had been transferred by telegraph to a bank in Fort Wayne, Indiana. V. M. Moore, president of the Park Bank, promptly denied that any such transaction had taken place and this particularly belated campaign lie was further demolished yesterday by Charles N. Fowler, president of the Equitable Mortgage Company, of No. 208 Broadway, who had had his attention called to the yarn. Mr. called at The Tribune office and made the following

statement: The company of which I am president, having The company of which I am president, having purchased Fort Wayne bonds amounting to \$200,000, consummated the transaction by giving a check to the National Park Bank to the credit of a bank in Fort Wayne, the transmission of the money being by telegraph, when the bonds were delivered at our office on Wednesday. Some Democratic operator heard the message going over the wires and jumped to the conclusion that the money was intended for the Republican State Committee and gave it away. Our transaction was undoubtedly the origin of the story published.

WAGES OF IRON LABORERS INCREASED. Sharon, Penn., Nov. 8 (Special).—The laboring men employed at P. L. Kimberly's iron mill have been informed of an increase of 10 cents a day in wages. The increase was voluntary, and was caused by the Republican success which relieves from manufacturers of fears of tariff reduction.

BONDS BOUGHT BY THE SECRETARY. Washington, Nov. 8.—The Secretary of the Treasury this afternoon accepted the following bonds: Four and one-half per cents, registered—\$32,200, \$122,250, \$5.000, \$1.000.000, \$50,000, \$50,000—all at 108 1-2. Total, \$1,259,450.